

# DCWS-6028-C Wireless Access Controller

#### **Product Overview**

DCN DCWS-6028-C is a new generation of high-performance 10G intelligent wireless controller. Designed for a new generation of high-speed wireless networks, it can manage up to 256 wireless access points (APs) and is suitable for small and medium-sized wireless network.

DCWS-6028-C integrates exact user control management, perfect RF management and security mechanisms, super QoS and seamless roaming, providing powerful WLAN access control functions. DCWS-6028-C has full layer 3 core switch function and powerful forwarding performance. It can be used as a wireless controller and layer 3 core switch at the same time. It offers 24 GE ports, 2 combo (GbE/SFP) ports and 2 10G SFP+ ports.





Manage 256 APs



Small and medium sized network



Friendly GUI



Switch + access controller



Concurrent users 10K



AC N+M redundancy



#### **Key Features and Highlights**

#### Wired-and-wireless Unified and High-Reliability Network

#### Combination of routing switch and wireless AC

The DCWS-6028-C can be used as a routing switch and a wireless access controller simultaneously in a trunk deployment mode, with an ASIC-based forwarding architecture and high-density access-ports, it can provide line-speed forwarding for both wired and wireless traffic.

#### High-reliability backup mechanism

The DCWS-6028-C supports the following high-reliability backup mechanisms to ensure that a wireless network runs reliably:

- ➤ N+1 backup
- ➤ N+M backup

#### Automatic emergency mechanism of APs

This mechanism enables an AP to intelligently detect a link between AC and AP. When detecting the breakdown of the link the AP quickly switches to its operating mode so that it can continue to forward data and allow new users to access the network. This mechanism makes sure that the access is available for all users when the AC is down.

#### **Intelligent Control of Wireless Network**

#### **Intelligent RF management**

The DCWS-6028-C provides an automatic power and channel adjustment function. It employs particular RF detection and management algorithms to attain a better RF coverage effect. When the signals of an AP are interfered with by strong external signals, the AP can automatically switch to an appropriate operating channel under the control of the AC to avoid such interference. It also supports the blackhole compensation mechanism. Which adjusts the AP power to cover the blind area resulted from the crashing of some APs.

## Intelligent control of terminals based on airtime fairness

This function makes sure that both the low-rate and the high-rate clients get relatively the same accessing time, which can avoid the low-rate clients to affect the AP overall performance by taking up too much accessing time.

#### Intelligent load balancing mechanism

In general, a wireless client will select an AP according to the signal strength of APs. So, if one AP is connected to a large number of APs while the others are connected fewer, it will cause small bandwidth for each client. The DCN load balancing mechanism can overcome this problem through these functions:

Load balancing between APs based on traffic

- Load balancing between APs based on the number of users
- ➤ Load balancing between radios within the AP based on the number of users

#### **Intelligent identification of terminals**

The DCWS-6028-C can identify a terminal in different ways by combining with DCN smart APs and a unified authentication platform. It can identify the OS of a terminal, such as Apple iOS, Android, and windows, the size of a terminal, and the type of a terminal, such as mobile phone, laptop, and PC. Basing on these identifications, DCWS-6028-C can implement dynamic policies for different types of terminal and present a corresponding-sized authentication page.

#### **PEAP** user authentication

Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP) authentication can provide a better user experience. The user needs to manually enter the username and passwords only during the first-time certification, the second time, and the subsequent certifications are performed automatically.

#### **Secure and Controllable Wireless Network**

#### User isolation policy

The DCWS-6028-C supports the isolation of wireless users. If this user isolation function is enabled, only the communication between the clients and gateway is allowed, the direct communication between clients is forbidden, which can increase the security of the wireless network.

#### Wireless intrusion detection and intrusion defense

The DCWS-6028-C supports wireless intrusion detection and intrusion defense features, such as detection of unauthorized wireless devices, intrusion detection, blacklist, and white list, as well as anti-DoS for various wireless management packets, thereby greatly improving security management of an entire wireless network.

#### Secure user admission

The DCWS-6028-C provides multiple secure access, authentication, and accounting mechanisms for various application environments. These mechanisms include:

- ► 802.1x authentication
- ➤ Captive portal authentication, including built-in portal, external portal, and custom portal authentication modes
- MAC address authentication
- ➤ LDAP authentication
- ➤ WAPI encryption and authentication
- Wired/wireless integrated authentication and accounting



#### Easy-to-Manage Wireless Network

#### AP plug-and-play

When used with the DCWS-6028-C, DCN smart APs support plug-and-play and zero configuration. DCWS-6028-C undertakes all the management, control, and configuration of the APs. Network administrators do not need to separately manage or maintain a huge number of wireless APs.

Remote probe analysis

The DCWS-6028-C supports remote probe analysis of APs. It enables the APs to captures Wi-Fi packets and mirrors them to a local analysis device in real-time to help network administrators troubleshooting or optimizing the network. The remote probe analysis function can perform analysis of a single working channel continuously or all channels in a polling mode to flexibly meet various wireless network monitoring requirements.

## **Product Specifications**

## **Hardware Specifications**

Item		DCWS-6028-C
	Max QTY of managed AP	256
	Default QTY of managed AP	16
	AP License upgrade step	16,32,128
	Max con-current users	10K
Basic Parameter	Switch capacity	128Gbps
rarameter	Forwarding rate	95Mpps
	VLAN	4K
	ACL	3K
	MAC	16K
	ARP	4K
	Interface	24 x 10/100/1000Base-T Ethernet ports
		2 x combo (GbE/SFP) Ethernet ports
Physical Parameter		2 x 10G SFP+ Ethernet ports
	Management interface	1 x Console (RJ-45) 1 x 10/100/1000BASE-T MGMT 1 x USB 2.0
	Dimension(L*W*H)	440mm*240mm*44mm, 1U
Power Param- eter	Consumption	<25W
	Power input	AC 110V - 240V , 50-60Hz (+/- 3Hz)
Environmental Parameter	Working temperature	0°C~55°C
	Storage temperature	-40°C~70°C
	Working humidity	5%~90% non-condensing

## **Software Specifications**



Itom	DCWS-6028-C
Item	IEEE802.3(10Base-T), IEEE802.3u(100Base-TX), IEEE802.3z (1000BASE-X)
	IEEE802.3ab(1000Base-T), IEEE802.3ae(10GBase-T)
	IEEE802.3ak(10GBASE-CX4)、IEEE802.1Q(VLAN)
I 2 must scale and stand	IEEEE802.1d(STP)、IEEEE802.1W(RSTP)、IEEEE802.1S(MSTP)
L2 protocols and stand-	IEEE802.1p(COS)
ards	IEEE802.1x(Port Control)、IEEE802.3x(flow control)
	IEEE802.3ad(LACP)、Port Mirror
	IGMP Snooping, MLD Snooping
	QinQ、GVRP, PVLAN
	Broadcast control
13	Static Routing
L3 protocols and stand-	RIPv1/v2, OSPF, BGP, VRRP, IGMP v1/v2/v3
ards	ARP, ARP Proxy
¥¥7* 1 1 1	Static Multicast Route
Wireless protocols and	802.11, 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11d, 802.11h, 802.11i, 802.11e,
standards	802.11k
	Supports L2/L3 network topology between an AP and an AC.
CAPWAP protocol	Enables an AP to automatically discover an accessible AC.
•	Enables an AP to automatically upgrade its software version from an AC.
	Enables an AP to automatically download configurations from an AC.
	6to4 Tunnel, Configured Tunnel, ISATAP Tunnel, GRE Tunnel
	ICMPv6, ND, DNSv6
IPv6 protocols and	IPv6 LPM Routing, IPv6 Policy-based Routing (PBR)
standards	IPv6 VRRPv3, IPv6 URPF, IPv6 RA
	RIPng, OSPFv3, BGP4+
	MLD Snooping, IPv6 Multicast VLAN
	MLDv1/v2, IPv6 ACL, IPv6 QoS
III:ah waliahili4	N+1 backup
HIGH TEHADHIKV	•
High reliability	N+N backup
riigh renability	N+N backup Setting country codes
riigh renability	N+N backup Setting country codes Manually/automatically setting the transmit power
rugn renability	N+N backup Setting country codes Manually/automatically setting the transmit power Manually/automatically setting the working channel
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RF management	N+N backup  Setting country codes  Manually/automatically setting the transmit power  Manually/automatically setting the working channel  Automatically adjusting the transmission rate  Blind area detection and repair  RF environment scanning, which enables a working AP to scan the surrounding RF environment  RF interference detection and avoidance  11n-preferred RF policy  SSID hiding  20 MHz and 40 MHz channel bandwidth configuration  Airtime protection in hybrid access of 11bg and 11n terminals  Terminal-based airtime fairness scheduling  Terminal locating (A terminal locating algorithm can be embedded in the AC)  Spectral navigation (5 GHz preferred)  11n only  SSID-based or Radio-based limit on the number of users  User online detection  Automatic aging of traffic-free users  Prohibiting the access of clients with weak signals  Remote probe analysis  64/128 WEP, dynamic WEP, TKIP, CCMP, and SMS encryption  802.11i security authentication and two modes (Enterprise and Personal) of 802.1x



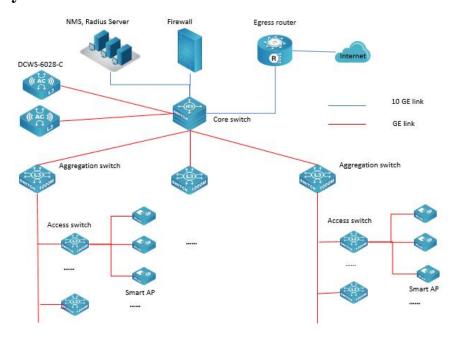
	MAC address authentication		
	Portal authentication, including built-in portal, external portal, and custom portal au-		
	thentication modes		
	PEAP user authentication		
	Forwarding security control, such as frame filtering, white list, static blacklist, ar		
	dynamic blacklist		
	User isolation		
	Periodic Radio/SSID enabling and disabling		
	Access control of free resources		
	Secure admission control of wireless terminals		
	Access control of various data packets such as MAC, IPv4, and IPv6 packets  Secure access control of APs, such as MAC authentication, password authentication or digital certificate authentication between an AP and an AC  Radius Client		
	Backup authentication server		
	Wireless SAVI		
	User access control based on AP locations		
	Wireless intrusion detection system (WIDS) and wireless intrusion prevention system		
	(WIPS)		
	Protection against flooding attacks		
	Protection against spoofing attacks		
	IPv6 access and forwarding; constructing IPv6 WLAN access service on an IPv4		
	network; providing IPv4 WLAN access service on an IPv6 network; and constructing		
	private IPv6 WLAN network service on an IPv6 network		
Forwarding	Fast L2/L3 roaming between APs served by the same AC		
	IPv4 and IPv6 multicast forwarding WDS AP		
	802.11e (WMM); and 4-level priority queues, ensuring that applications sensitive to		
	the real-time effect, such as voice and video services, are transmitted first		
	Ethernet port 802.1P identification and marking		
	Mapping from wireless priorities to wired priorities		
	Mapping of different SSIDs/VLANs to different QoS policies		
	Mapping of data streams that match with different packet fields to different QoS poli-		
	cies		
	Access control of MAC, IPv4, and IPv6 data packets		
QoS	Load balancing based on the number of users		
	Load balancing based on user traffic		
	Load balancing based on frequency bands		
	Bandwidth limit based on APs		
	Bandwidth limit based on SSIDs		
	Bandwidth limit based on terminals		
	Bandwidth limit based on specific data streams		
	Power saving mode		
	Multicast-to-unicast mechanism		
	Automatic emergency mechanism of APs		
	Intelligent identification of terminals		
	Web management		
	Configuration through a console port		
	SNMP v1/v2c/v3		
	Both local and remote maintenance		
Management	Local logs, Syslog, and log file export		
Management	Alarm		
	Fault detection		
	Statistics		



Dual-image (dual-OS) backup
Hardware watchdog
AC cluster management; automatic information synchronization between ACs in a
cluster, and automatic or manual push of configuration information
SSID-based user permission management mechanism

## **Typical Applications**

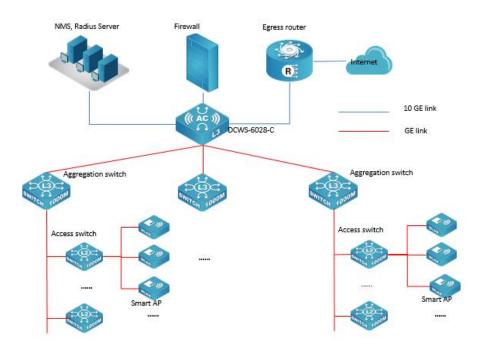
## **Bypass Deployment Scenario**



## **Trunk Deployment Scenario**

Here the DCWS-6028-C is deployed both as an L3 switch and access controller.





## **Order Information**

Product Model	Description	Remarks	
DCWS-6028-C	DCWS-6028-C wireless and wired integration access controller	Mondatawa	
	(24x 10/100/1000Base-T, 2 x combo (GbE/SFP), 2 x 10G SFP+ ) , default with 16 units AP license, support controlling max. 256 AP	Mandatory	
DCWS-L16	Upgrade license of the DCN wired/wireless integrated smart AC (for	Optional	
	upgrading 16 APs, a minimum number of upgrade step is 16 APs)	Optional	
DCWS-L32	Upgrade license of the DCN wired/wireless integrated smart AC (for	Optional	
	upgrading 32 APs, a minimum number of upgrade step is 32 APs)		
DCWS-L128	Upgrade license of the DCN wired/wireless integrated smart AC (for	Optional	
DCWS-L120	upgrading 128 APs, a minimum number of upgrade step is 128 APs)		